Project 1: Implement a Simple Content-Based Image Retrieval System

Preliminary demo: Sept. 11th (Wednesday) in class
Program & Report Due By: Sept. 17th (Tuesday)
Present/Demo: in class of Sept. 18th, 3 minutes each for CSCI 478; 5~8 minutes each for CSCI 578

Description:

This project is to implement a simple Content-Based Image Retrieval system based on two different color histogram comparison methods.

1. Test Image Database
   This test image database includes 100 true-color images in .jpg format.

2. Color Histogram
   Color histogram comparison is a simple but effective approach in CBIR systems. Here are two ways to combine the information from 3 color channels (R, G, B):

   A. Intensity Method
      \[ I = 0.299R + 0.587G + 0.114B \]  
      (1)
      By this way, the 24-bit of RGB (8 bits for each color channel) color intensities can be transformed into a single 8-bit value. The histogram bins selected for this case are listed below:
      \[ H_1: I \in [0,10) ; \quad H_2: I \in [10,20) ; \quad H_3: I \in [20,30) ; \]
      \[ H_4: I \in [30,40) \quad \ldots \quad \ldots \quad \ldots \quad H_6: I \in [50,60) ; \]
      \[ \ldots \quad \ldots \quad \ldots \quad H_{25}: I \in [240,255] ; \]

   B. Color-Code Method
      The 24-bit of RGB color intensities can be transformed into a 6-bit color code, composed from the most significant 2 bits of each of the three color components, as illustrated in the following figure.

      The 6-bit color code will provide 64 histogram bins.
For example, the R, G, and B values for a pixel are 128, 0, and 255 respectively. So the bit representations of them are 10000000, 00000000, and 11111111. Then the 6-bit color code value will be 100011.

In color code, there will be 64 bins with H1: 000000, H2: 000001, H3: 000010, … H63: 111111

3. Histogram Comparison
   You need to implement the distance metrics for histogram comparison. Let $H_i(j)$ denote the number of pixels in $j^{th}$ bin for the $i^{th}$ image. Then the difference between the $i^{th}$ image and $k^{th}$ image can be given by the following distance metric:

   - **Manhattan Distance**

   $$D_{i,k} = \sum_{j=1}^{G} \frac{H_i(j) - H_k(j)}{M_i*N_i - M_k*N_k}$$  \hspace{1cm} (2)

   where $M_i*N_i$ is the number of pixels in image $i$, and $M_k*N_k$ is the number of pixels in image $k$.

**Preliminary demo:**
Show the graphic user interface is up running. It should allow users to browse the image database, select the query image, and to view the retrieved images. At this stage, it is not required that the retrieval algorithm is properly implemented so the retrieved images can be any images from the database.

**Present/demo:**
Every student need to

1. Discuss libraries/tools/techniques you found useful, be specific (e.g., XX library is useful in image processing because …).
2. Show user query interface
   The graphic user interface should allow users to browse the image database, select the query image, and to view the retrieved images. Given a query image, the retrieved images should be displayed to user according to their similarity ranks to the query image. In particular, the similarity rank decreases from left to right, and top to bottom. Moreover, your user interface should be able to support the “next page” operation, with each page containing at least 20 retrieved images.
3. Demo implementation of two color histogram comparison methods
   You need to demo the query results using the two different color histograms as described in Description Section. Users should be allowed to switch between two different query methods within the same application.
Extra for CSCI 578

4. Discuss your analysis about this project (detailed requirements are listed in Extra requirement for CSCI 578 section below)

Submission Requirements:
The softcopy of well-commented code (& an executable ready for testing) and report (how to run/use the program, whether you use the sample code or develop all by yourself, screen dumps to show the first page of retrieval results for query images 33.jpg and 93.jpg) needed to be submitted to Moodle by the due time. Also a hardcopy of the report needs to be submitted in the first class after the due time.
You will also be asked to do a preliminary demo as well as a presentation to demonstrate your programs (see Preliminary demo and Present/demo section).

Extra requirement for CSCI 578:
Further analysis
In your report, besides the requirements mentioned above, please conduct further analysis about this system and write in details about:
- What are the advantages (what aspects that you like as a system designer and a user) and limitations?
- How would you do to overcome these limitations?
  o Option 1 Survey: Please conduct literature review and cite the paper(s) in your report.
  o Option 2 Research (Extra 10% credit): Review existing works and propose your own idea which is better than these works in some aspects. Need to give detailed explanation why/how your idea is better.

Evaluation Criteria: - 100 points
For CSCI 478
Correctness (testing): 50 pts
User friendly: 20 pts
Report and comments: 15 pts
Preliminary demo: 5 pts
Presentation: 10 pts

For CSCI 578
Correctness (testing): 40 pts
User friendly: 20 pts
Report and comments: 25 pts (+possible 10 pts for extra research)
Preliminary demo: 5 pts
Presentation: 10 pts